

Early Journal Content on JSTOR, Free to Anyone in the World

This article is one of nearly 500,000 scholarly works digitized and made freely available to everyone in the world by JSTOR.

Known as the Early Journal Content, this set of works include research articles, news, letters, and other writings published in more than 200 of the oldest leading academic journals. The works date from the mid-seventeenth to the early twentieth centuries.

We encourage people to read and share the Early Journal Content openly and to tell others that this resource exists. People may post this content online or redistribute in any way for non-commercial purposes.

Read more about Early Journal Content at http://about.jstor.org/participate-jstor/individuals/early-journal-content.

JSTOR is a digital library of academic journals, books, and primary source objects. JSTOR helps people discover, use, and build upon a wide range of content through a powerful research and teaching platform, and preserves this content for future generations. JSTOR is part of ITHAKA, a not-for-profit organization that also includes Ithaka S+R and Portico. For more information about JSTOR, please contact support@jstor.org.

Interments in cemeteries.

Colon or Catholic	Arroyo Naranjo	2
Baptist	Total	514
Calvario		

Weather report.

Day.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Humidity.	Rainfall.	Day.	Barometer.	Thermometer.	Humidity.	Rainfall.
1 2 3 4 4 5 6 7 8 9 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17	29, 866 29, 873 29, 932 29, 953 29, 953 29, 941 29, 931 29, 931 29, 938 29, 938 29, 900 29, 975 29, 975 29, 979	80 79 80 82 80 78 80 81 80 81 78 81 80 81 79	79 75 85 83 95 80 87 78 87 88 87 83 89 87 87 83	.01 TT .03 .07 .05 .00 .00 .43 TT .06 .52 .00 .11	18	29, 973 29, 915 29, 893 29, 974 30, 028 30, 007 29, 980 29, 949 29, 866 29, 949 29, 852 29, 934 29, 977	79 80 81 80 82 80 78 78 75 79 78 77 78	81 79 81 81 86 87 98 70 68 79 75 77 81 85	.02 .00 .01 .00 .01 .06 .00 .14 .20 T .00 .03 T

Inspection of immigrants at Havana during the week ended November 17, 1900.

HAVANA, CUBA, November 17, 1900.

SIR: I herewith submit report of alien steerage passengers at this port during the week ended November 17, 1900:

Date.	Vessel.	Where from.	No. of immi- grants.
Nov. 11 Nov. 12 Do Nov. 14 Do Nov. 15 Do Nov. 16 Nov. 17	Steamship Yucatan Steamship Mascotte Steamship Olivette Steamship Aransas Steamship Morro Castle Steamship Bereuguer el Grande. Steamship Montserrat. Steamship La Normandie.	New York	25 34 2 1 8 20 425 141 4
	Total		663

Respectfully,

A. H. GLENNAN Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Reports from Matanzas, Cardenas, Isabela de Sagua, and Caibarien.

MATANZAS, CUBA, November 14, 1900.

SIR: I have the honor to submit herewith the following sanitary report of the quarantine district under my command for the week ended November 10, 1900:

Matanzas.—Thirteen deaths occurred in the city of Matanzas during the period covered by this report, showing a mortality of 14.98 per 1,000. The principal causes of death were as follows: Tuberculosis, 4; enteritis, 2; nephritis, 1; meningitis. 1; scrofula, 1; neoplasia, 1; other causes, 3. The following cases of infectious or contagious character were reported: Diphtheria, 1; yellow fever, 1. Four vessels were inspected and passed on arrival; 3 of these were foreign vessels and 1 coasting vessel. Three bills of health were issued to foreign vessels and 1 certificate of inspection to a coasting vessel. The British steamship Ardanrose, bound for Mobile, Ala., was disinfected on the 4th instant at this port. Thirty-five health certificates were issued to persons leaving the island. Thirty-one pieces of baggage were inspected and passed and 4 pieces were disinfected. Forty-four bundles of clothes and bedding were disinfected belonging to the British steamship Ardanrose.

I inclose herewith table of mortality statistics for the city of Matanzas during the month of October, 1900:

CAUSES.

7	Cardiac disease	6
1	Broncho-pneumonia	2
1	Pulmonary congestion	1
16	Enteritis	6
1	Peritonitis	1
3	Cerebral hemorrhage	1
3		2
1		3
3	Other causes.	6
1		
1	Total	67
1		
	1 3 3 1	1 Broncho-pneumonia. 1 Pulmonary congestion. 16 Enteritis. 1 Peritonitis 2 Cerebral hemorrhage. 3 Eclampsia. 1 Nephritis. 3 Other causes.

The population of the town, according to the census recently taken, being 45,250, the above figures indicate a yearly mortality of 17.76 per 1,000, an excellent showing for a city of its size.

Cardenas.—Acting Asst. Surg. Enrique Saez reports that 8 deaths occurred in Cardenas during the week, of the following causes: Tuberculosis, 2; enteritis, 1; cardiac disease, 1; pulmonary congestion, 1; diphtheria, 1; other causes, 2. One case of diphtheria was reported. Thirteen vessels were inspected and passed on arrival; 8 of these were foreign vessels and 5 coasting vessels. Five bills of health were issued to foreign vessels. The death rate during the week was 16.80 per 1,000. Isabela de Sagua.—Acting Asst. Surg. Pedro Garcia Riera reports

Isabela de Sagua.—Acting Asst. Surg. Pedro Garcia Riera reports that 1 foreign vessel and 6 coasting vessels were inspected and passed on arrival. Three bills of health were issued to foreign vessels and 11 certificates of inspection to coasting vessels. No death rate has been reported during the week.

Caibarien.—Acting Asst. Surg. Leoncio Junco reports that the death rate during the week was nil, and that the sanitary condition of port and town is good, malarial fever being the prevalent disease. One foreign vessel and 6 coasting vessels were inspected and passed on arrival. One bill of health was issued to a foreign vessel and 2 certificates of inspection to coasting vessels.

Respectfully,

G. M. GUITÉRAS,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U.S. M. H.S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.